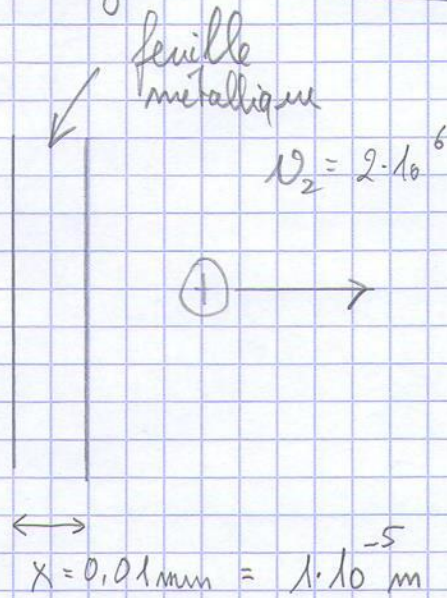
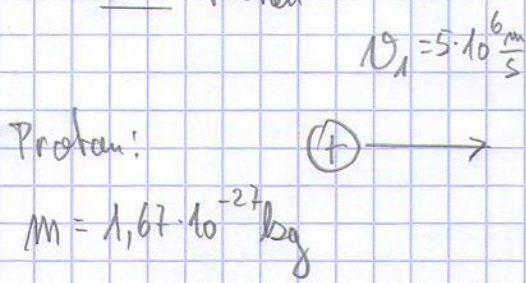


Corrigé Exercices énergie: 10 et E6 classe !!

E1 Proton



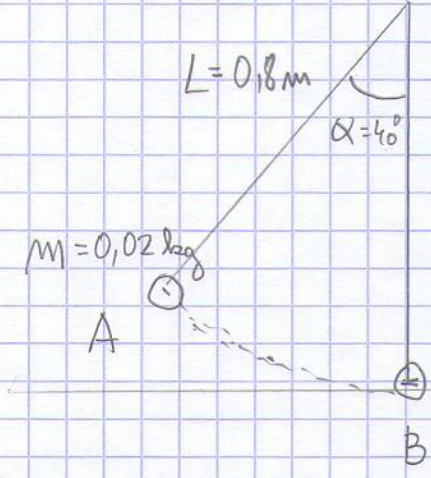
TEC  $W_{\text{freinage}}$

$$\frac{1}{2} m (v_1^2 - v_2^2) = -F \cdot x$$

$$F = \frac{\frac{1}{2} m (v_1^2 - v_2^2)}{x}$$

= ...

E2 Pendule



Energie mécanique:

en A:  $E_A = m \cdot g \cdot L (1 - \cos \alpha) + 0$

en B:  $E_B = 0 + \frac{1}{2} m v^2$

Conservation:

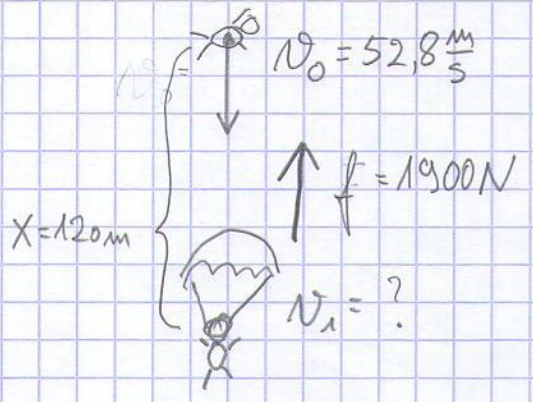
$$\frac{1}{2} m v^2 = m \cdot g \cdot L (1 - \cos \alpha)$$

$m \cdot v^2 = 2 \cdot g \cdot L (1 - \cos \alpha)$

$v = \sqrt{2 \cdot g \cdot L (1 - \cos \alpha)}$

= ...

E3 Parachutiste



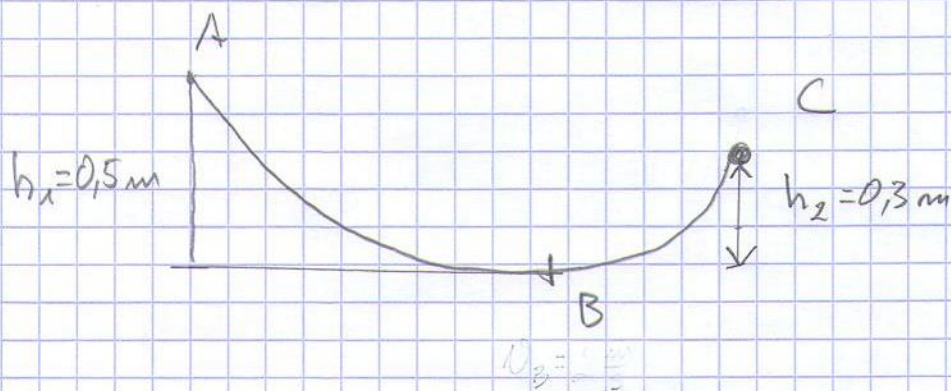
TEC:  $W_{\text{freinage}}$   $W_{\text{poids}}$

$$\frac{1}{2} m (v_1^2 - v_0^2) = -f \cdot x + m \cdot g \cdot x$$

$$v_1 = \sqrt{\frac{2(-f \cdot x + m \cdot g \cdot x)}{m} + v_0^2}$$

= ...

# E4 Perle



a) Sans frottement:  $v_A = 0 \rightarrow v_B = 2 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}}$

$$\text{TEC: } \frac{1}{2} m v_B^2 = m \cdot g \cdot h_1$$

$$\Rightarrow h_1 = \frac{v_B^2}{2g} = \dots$$

b) avec frottement  $v_A = 0 \rightarrow v_C = 0$

Variation de l'énergie mécanique:

$$E_A = m \cdot g \cdot h_1 + 0$$

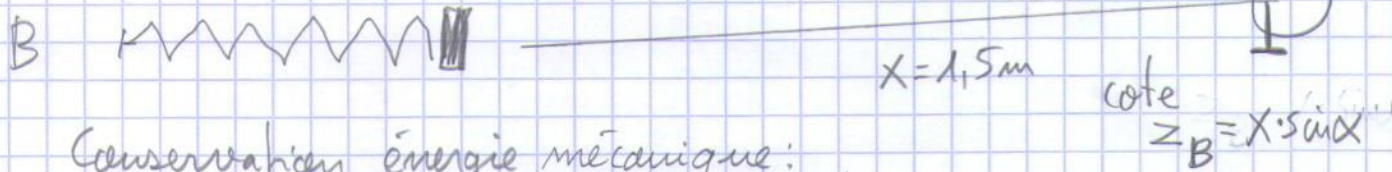
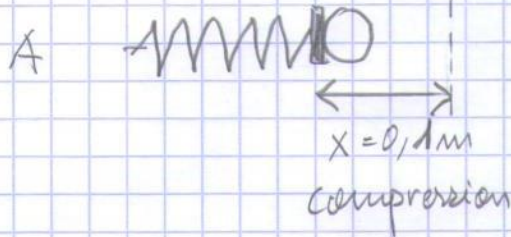
$$E_B = m \cdot g \cdot h_2 + 0$$

$$\Delta E_{\text{mec}} = m \cdot g \cdot (h_1 - h_2) = \underbrace{-f \cdot x}_{W_{\text{freinage}}}$$

$$f = \frac{m \cdot g \cdot (h_1 - h_2)}{x} = \dots$$

ES Flipper (sans frottement ni masse du lanceur à ressort)

$k = 200 \frac{N}{m}$  détendu



Conservation énergie mécanique:

a)  $E_A = \frac{1}{2} k x^2 = E_B = \frac{1}{2} m v_B^2$

Horizontal:  $\Rightarrow v_B = \sqrt{\frac{k x^2}{m}} = \dots$

b)  $E_A = \frac{1}{2} k x^2 = E_B = \frac{1}{2} m v_B^2 + m \cdot g \cdot z_B$

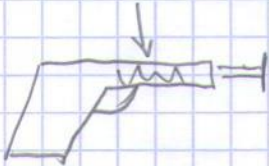
Inclinaison  $5^\circ$ :

$$k x^2 - 2 m g z_B = m v_B^2$$

$$v_B = \sqrt{\frac{k x^2}{m} - 2 g z_B} = \dots$$

E7

$k = 250 \frac{N}{mm}$



$x = l - l_0 = 0,08 m$

a) horizontal

sans frott  $v = \sqrt{\frac{k x^2}{m}}$

T.E.C. avec frott  $\frac{1}{2} m v^2 = \frac{1}{2} k x^2 - f \cdot x$

$$v = \sqrt{\frac{k x^2}{m} - \frac{2 f x}{m}}$$

b) vertical sans frott

Cons  $E_{mec}: \frac{1}{2} k x^2 = m \cdot g \cdot h \Rightarrow h = \frac{\frac{1}{2} k x^2}{m g}$